

$$A_{\mathbb{Q}} = \langle \pm 1 \rangle^t \quad t = \# \text{ of } V_i \text{ with } \text{Ind } V_i = \text{orth mode}^{\text{sym } n \text{ or } n-1}$$

$$a = a_1 \times a_2 \text{ in } A_{\mathbb{Q}_1} \times A_{\mathbb{Q}_2}$$

$$\varepsilon(a) = \text{local sign of } \text{Ind}(V_i^{a_1} \otimes W_i^{a_2}) \text{ symplectic}$$

Global

$$\pi = \otimes \pi_w \quad U_n$$

$$\pi' = \otimes \pi'_w \quad U_{n-1}$$

assume $\text{Hom}_{U_{n-1}}(\pi_w \otimes \pi'_w, \mathbb{C}) = \mathbb{C}$

$$L(\text{Ind}(V \otimes W), s) \text{ is non-zero at } s = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$L_E(V \otimes W, s)$$

$$s = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\int f \otimes f' \neq 0$$

$$U_{n-1}(\mathbb{A})$$

$$\begin{matrix} \mathbb{G} & \xrightarrow{\text{ad}} & \text{GL}(\mathfrak{g}) \\ & \xrightarrow{\text{symplectic}} & \text{GL}(V) \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{L(V \otimes W, \frac{1}{2})}{L(\text{ad}, 1)} = \langle f, f' \rangle$$

$$SO_{2n+1} \times SO_{2n}$$

$$L(V_{2n} \otimes W_{2n}, \frac{1}{2})$$

$$\dim 4n^2$$

Shimura near $U_{n-1,1}$

$$U_{n-2,1}$$

$$L^*(\frac{1}{2}) ?$$

$$L(\text{ad}, 1)$$

$$\binom{2n+1}{2} + \binom{2n}{2} = 4n^2$$

$$\begin{matrix} SO_{2,2n-2} \\ SO_{2,2n-1} \end{matrix}$$

$$\dim \underline{V \otimes W} = \dim \underline{\text{ad}} \quad *$$

Gross-Prasad.

E/k g. rad. $e: \text{Gal}(E/k) \xrightarrow{\sim} \langle \pm 1 \rangle$

$G = U_n(E/k)$

What is a Langlands param for G

$\hat{G} = \hat{G} \rtimes \text{Gal}(E/k) = GL(V) \rtimes \text{Gal}(E/k)$ $\dim V = n$

$\varphi: W_k' \rightarrow \hat{G}$
 $\varphi_E: W_E' \rightarrow GL(V)$

When does a repr φ_E relate to a parameter?

$\text{Ind}_E^{\mathbb{Q}} V$ has $\dim 2n \iff$ symplectic n -var
 orthog of art e mod d
 $V^* \simeq V^\sigma$

$U_{n+1} \xrightarrow{\Delta} G = U_n \times U_{n-1}$ $W_n \supset W_{n-1}$

$\hat{G} = (GL(V) \times GL(W)) \rtimes \text{Gal}(E/k)$

$\rightarrow \text{Ind}_E^{\mathbb{Q}}(V \otimes W)$ $\dim 2(n)(n-1)$ *natural symplectic*
 $\dim \approx \dim(\wedge^2)$

$\{\pi_n\}$ of $U_n(k)$ $\sum_{L\text{-fact } U_{n-1}} \text{Hom}_{U_{n-1}}(\pi_n \otimes \pi_{n-1}, \mathbb{C})$ has $\dim 1$
 $\{\pi_{n-1}\}$ of $U_{n-1}(k)$

$V \simeq \bigoplus n_i V_i$ $W_i \simeq \overline{V_i}^*$ or $V_i \simeq \overline{W_j}^*$
 $W = \bigoplus n_i W_i$ \mathbb{C}